

It All Starts with Structure – **Picking the Right Business Entity**

Your business structure isn't just a legal formality—it's the foundation of your tax strategy. Are you structured in the most tax-efficient way?

- Sole Proprietorship: Great for simplicity, but you'll pay selfemployment taxes on every dollar of profit. Ouch!
- LLC (Limited Liability
 Company): A flexible option
 where you can decide how to be
 taxed—like a sole proprietor,
 partnership, or corporation. It's
 like a tax chameleon.
- S Corporation: Want to pay yourself a salary and avoid selfemployment taxes on the rest? This structure lets you pass income to yourself, while saving on certain taxes.
- C Corporation: Yes, it comes with corporate tax, but you can deduct more expenses, reinvest tax-free, and offer fringe benefits.

Choosing the right structure isn't a one-size-fits-all deal. It depends on your goals, growth plans, and how much tax you want to pay (or avoid).









Timing Is Everything – Deferring Income and Accelerating Expenses

Here's a fun tax tip: The IRS lets you play around with time. Sounds strange, right? But how and when you record income and expenses can make a big difference in your tax bill.

- Deferring Income: Expecting lower tax rates next year? Push income into the next year by holding off on invoicing or closing big deals in December.
- Accelerating Expenses: Buy office equipment or pay your bills before year-end if you think you'll be in a higher tax bracket now.





QUICK TIP:

You'll need to balance this with your cash flow. It's not worth deferring taxes if you can't keep the lights on.





Supercharging Savings – The Power of Depreciation

Depreciation can be your secret weapon. When you buy assets like computers, machinery, or office furniture, you can deduct the cost over time. But what if you could deduct most of it right now?

- Section 179: This lets you deduct the entire cost of qualifying assets in the year you purchase them. Perfect for immediate tax savings.
- Bonus Depreciation: You can deduct up to 100% of the cost for certain assets upfront. It's like a big, instant discount on your taxes.

Imagine buying a \$50,000 machine for your business and getting a tax deduction for the full amount in one year. That's money you don't have to send to the IRS.









The Deductions Game – What You Can (and Should) Deduct

Here's where you get to make taxes work for you. Deducting everyday business expenses is one of the easiest ways to lower your tax bill. The more deductions you find, the less taxable income you have.

- Home Office Deduction: Running a business from home? You can deduct a portion of your rent, utilities, and even your internet.
- Business Meals: Yes, that lunch with a client is deductible (at 50%)—as long as you actually talk business.
- Vehicle Expenses: Driving for business? Track your mileage or actual vehicle costs for some solid deductions.
- Office Supplies & Equipment:
 Computers, software, furniture—it all counts.

QUICK TIP:

Keep organized records. Deducting business expenses without proof is like playing tax roulette, and the IRS doesn't love a gamble.









Retirement Plans – A Win-Win for Your Future and Your Taxes

Saving for retirement doesn't just prepare you for the future; it also slashes your tax bill today. Here are some of the best retirement options for business owners:

- SEP IRA: You can contribute up to 25% of your income, and the best part? It's tax-deductible. That's more money saved now and invested in your future.
- Solo 401(k): If you're a oneperson operation (or have a spouse on board), this plan lets you contribute both as the employer and the employee. Double the contribution, double the tax savings.
- SIMPLE IRA: Perfect for small businesses, with lower administrative costs and contribution limits than a 401(k).

Saving for retirement is one of the few ways you can actually pay yourself first—while getting a tax break for it.









Growing Your Business – Expanding Tax Strategies

When your business starts to grow, your tax planning needs to keep up. Here are some strategies for managing the tax implications of expansion:

- Hiring New Employees: Check for tax credits related to new hires, and make sure you're classifying them correctly employee vs. independent contractor makes a huge difference for tax purposes.
- Opening New Locations:
 Expanding to another state?
 You'll need to understand the local and state tax rules, which can vary widely.
- Financing Growth: If you take out a loan, remember that business loan interest is deductible—another way to save as you scale.

Scaling up comes with new tax challenges, but staying on top of them can keep your growth trajectory steady.









Tax Planning is Business Planning

Whether you're just starting out or growing into a new phase, tax planning should be part of your overall business strategy. Remember: the less you pay in taxes, the more you have to invest in your business's success.

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